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RESPONSE UNDER EX PARTE QUAYLE PRACTICE  
U.S. APPLICATION NO.: 09/680,469  
ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. Q61083

**AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS**

**This listing of claims will replace all prior versions and listings of claims in the application:**

**LISTING OF CLAIMS:**

1. (original): A delayed decision feedback sequence estimation diversity receiver

comprising:

means for extracting a plurality of reception signals by using a plurality of antennas when estimating a transmission signal from reception signals having undergone transmission path distortion;

means for combining impulse response sequences in transmission paths while canceling delayed wave components having the largest amplitudes in delayed wave component sequences in impulse response sequences in the respective transmission paths; and

means for performing signal estimation on the basis of a new impulse response sequence generated by combining the impulse response sequences.

2. (currently amended): A delayed decision feedback sequence estimation diversity receiver comprising:

transmission path estimators for respectively obtaining transmission path impulse response sequences from a plurality of reception signals received through a plurality of antennas;

delayed wave detectors for respectively detecting components having the largest

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amplitudes from delayed wave component sequences in impulse response sequences as  
output signals from said ~~respective~~ transmission path estimators;

107 a first delayed wave canceler for outputting a new signals from said ~~respective~~  
transmission path estimators while canceling delayed wave components having the largest  
amplitudes on the basis of the output signals from said ~~respective~~ delayed wave detectors;

an estimation region detector for detecting a timing for signal estimation from the new  
combined impulse response sequence;

a second delayed wave canceler for receiving the output signals from said delayed wave  
detectors and outputting a new reception signal obtained by combining the reception signals  
while canceling delayed wave components having the largest amplitudes; and

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Cont a delayed decision feedback sequence estimator for performing signal estimation upon  
receiving the new combined reception signal, the new combined impulse response sequence, and  
the timing signal output from said estimation region detector, and outputting the estimation  
result.

3. (original): A receiver according to claim 2, wherein signal estimation ability is improved  
by combining antenna diversity with said delayed decision feedback sequence  
estimator.

4. (previously presented): A receiver according to claim 3, wherein characteristics of said  
delayed decision feedback sequence estimator are improved by canceling the delayed wave  
components by using the antenna diversity and a main delayed wave component that becomes a  
cause for a deterioration in the characteristics of said delayed decision feedback sequence

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estimator.

5. (original): A receiver according to claim 4, wherein said receiver further comprises means for canceling the delayed response characteristics of the respective reception signals, extracting components having the largest amplitudes among delayed wave components from the obtained impulse responses, and combining a new impulse response with the reception signal while canceling the extracted components, and said delayed decision feedback sequence estimator performs signal estimation after the new impulse response and the reception signal are combined.

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Concl  
6. (previously presented): A delayed decision feedback sequence estimation method comprising:

extracting a plurality of reception signals by using a plurality of antennas when estimating a transmission signal from a reception signal having undergone transmission path distortion;

combining impulse response sequences in transmission paths while canceling delayed wave components having the largest amplitudes in delayed wave component sequences in impulse response sequences in the respective transmission paths; and

performing signal estimation on the basis of a new impulse response sequence generated by combining the impulse response sequences.